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Advances in Technology for Storm Water Quality and Watershed Management Applications

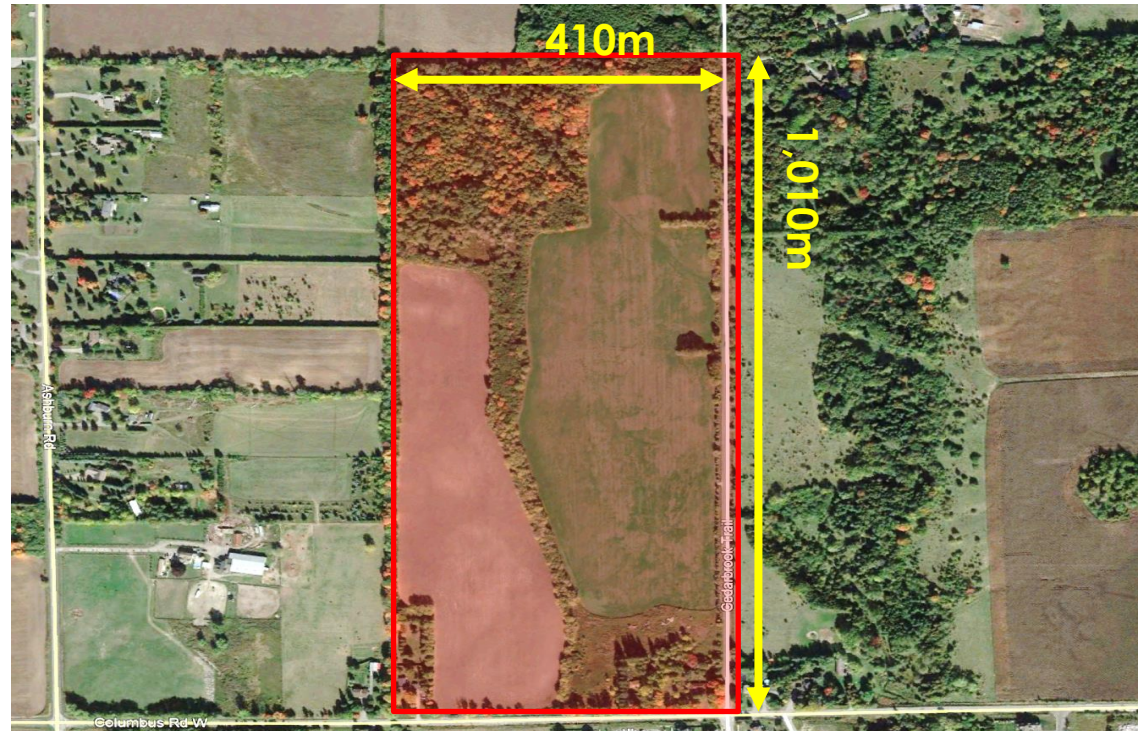
Overview

- **Feasibility Study**
 - Constraints
 - Aerial Overview
 - Drone Equipment
 - Drone Regulations
 - Drone Applications
 - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry
- **Implementation**
 - Real-time Monitoring
 - Water quality, flow, level
 - Drone monitoring
- **Benefits of New Technology**
 - Bathymetric survey
 - LiDAR options

Feasibility Study: Constraints

Background

- 0.41 Square KM
- Located in Whitby, ON
- Currently a soy bean farm



Species At Risk

Bobolink



Eastern Meadowlark



Barn Swallow



Wood Thrush



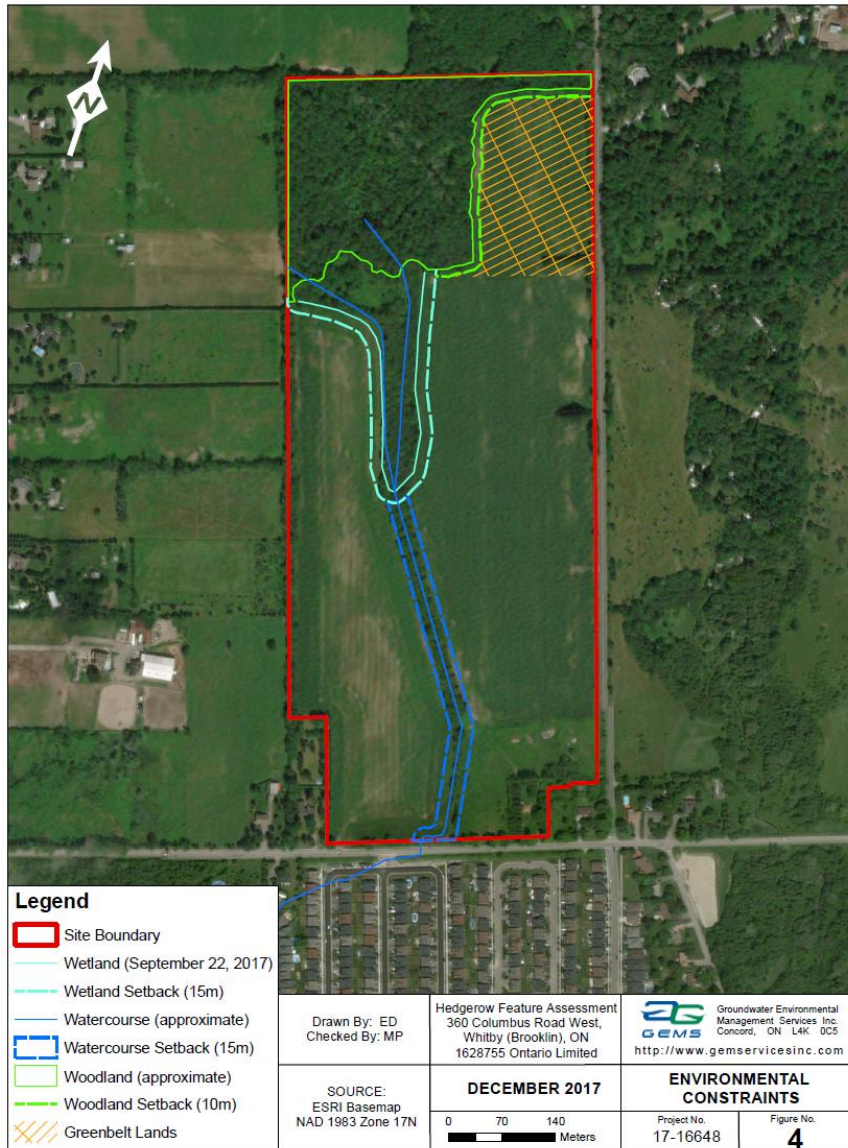
Eastern Wood Pewee



Multiple Bat Species



Feasibility Study: Constraints



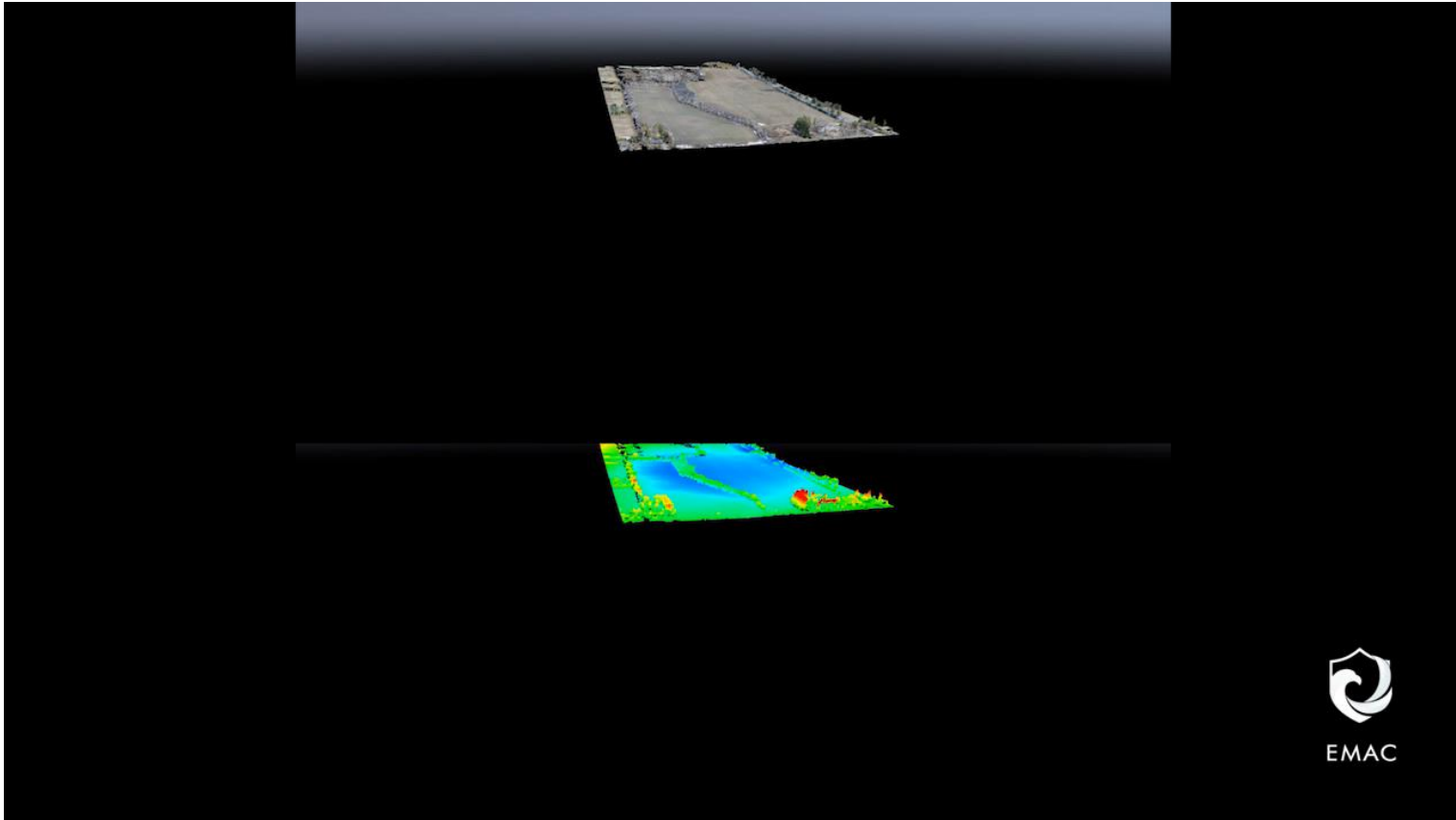
Findings:

- Protected Countryside – Greenbelt
- Unevaluated Wetland – setback buffer of 15m
- Central Lake Ontario Conservation Authority (CLOCA) regulated lands
- Water course – buffer is required

Feasibility Study: Constraints



Feasibility Study: Aerial Overview



<https://youtu.be/6B4MXyjTu8M>

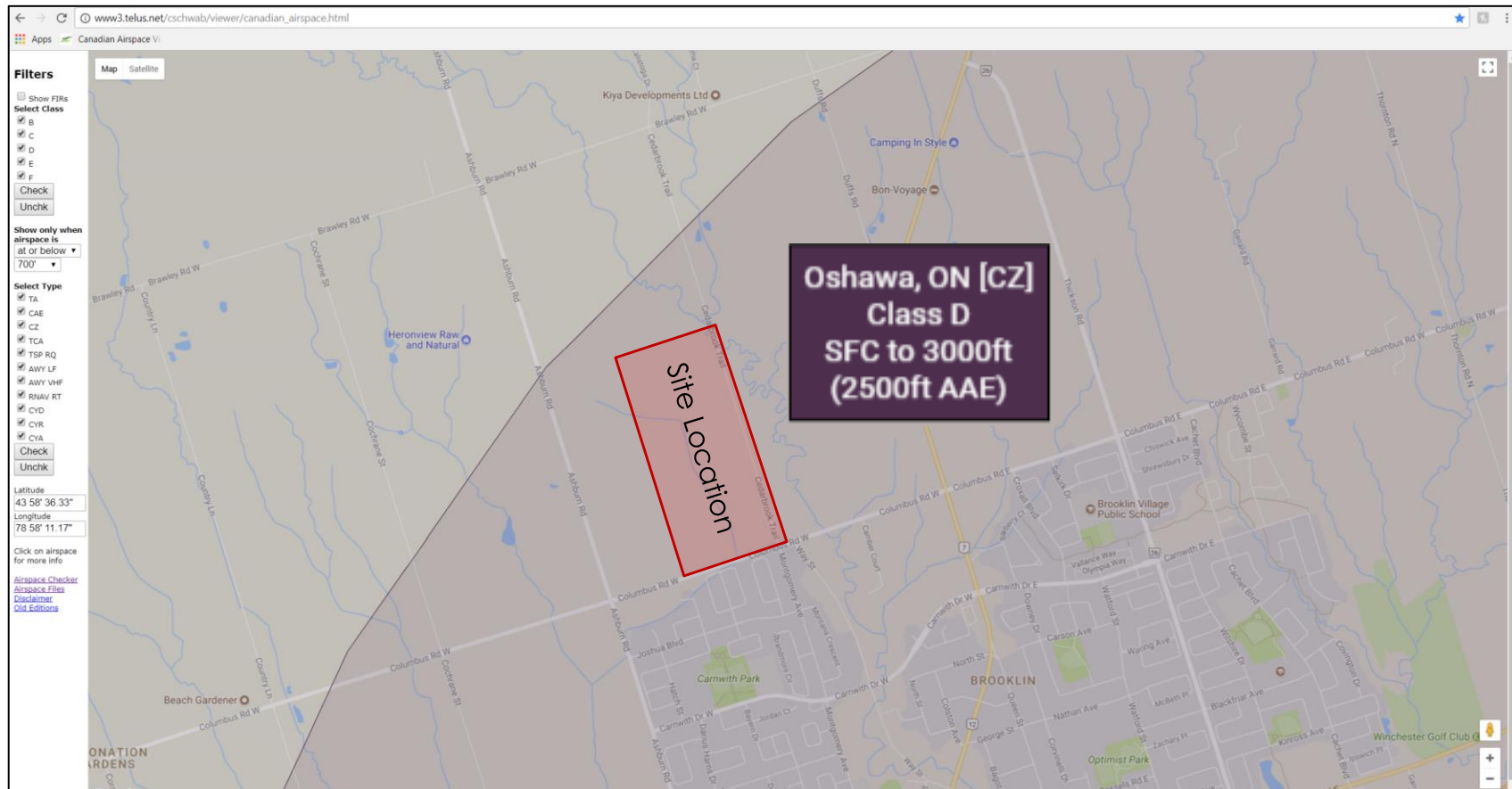
Feasibility Study: Drone Equipment

- Topcon Hiper V Base and Rover
- Topcon FC-5000 Data Collector
- Ground Control Points (GCP) – to be surveyed in
- DJI Phantom 4 Pro with iPad



Feasibility Study: Drone Regulations

- Within Controlled Airspace (Class D – Surface to 3000ft)
- In contact with NAV Canada before and after flight
- Require an Special Flight Operational Certificate (SFOC)

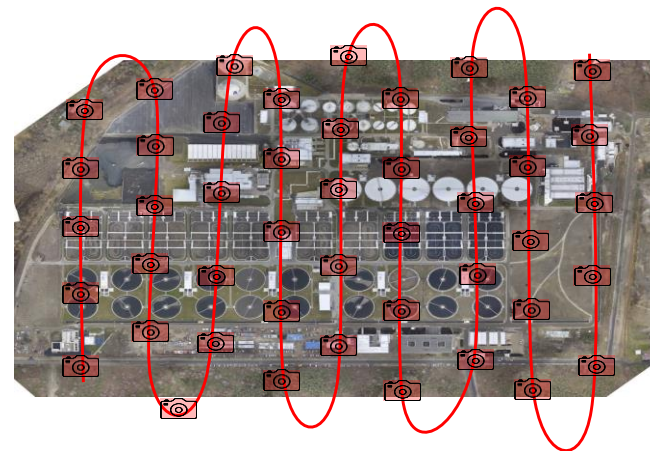
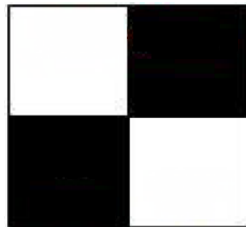


Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry

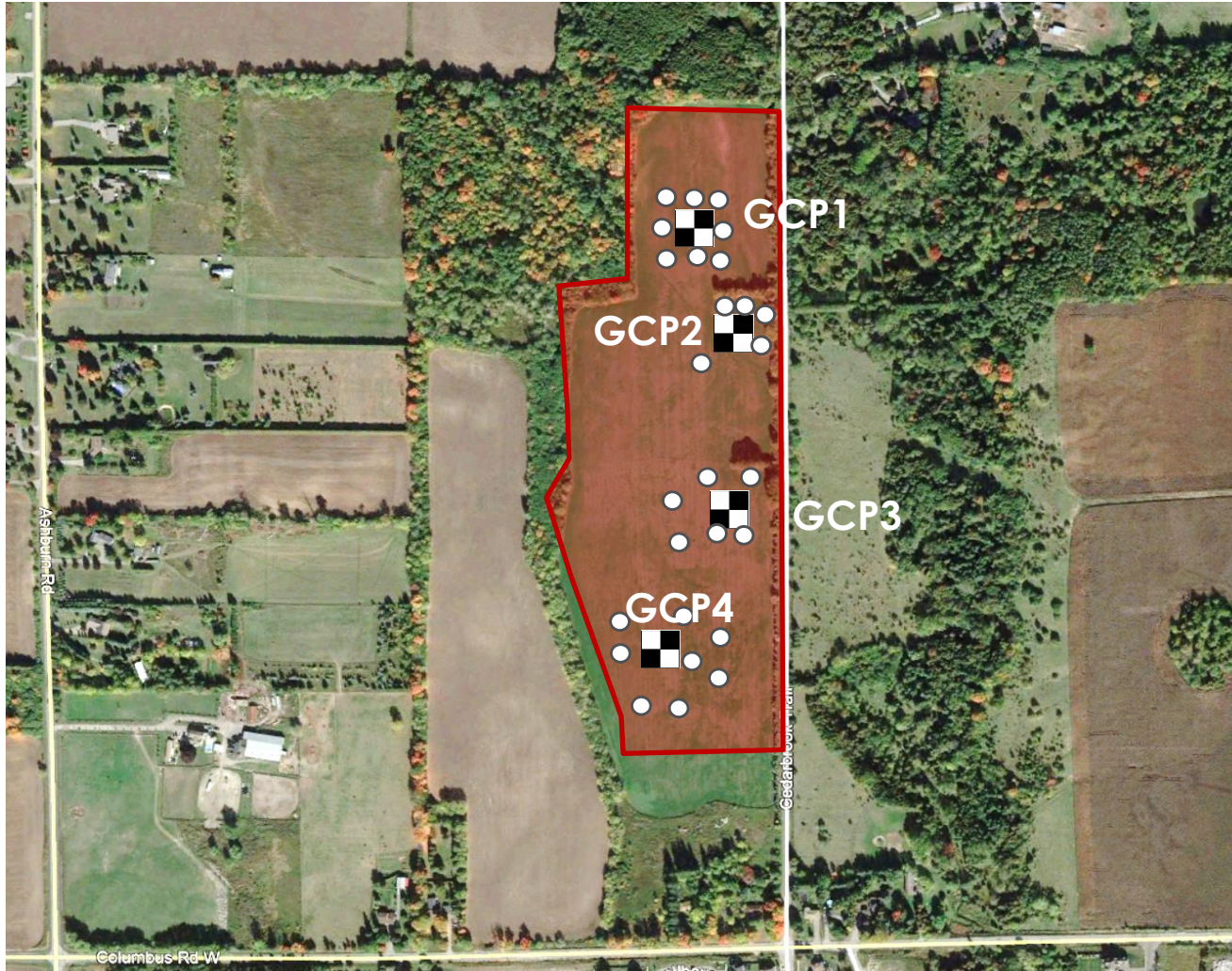
- **Photogrammetry** – uses images to make measurements between objects to create a geometric representation
- Stitches together the images to create one detailed Orthomosaic image of the area
- Survey equipment to make Geographic




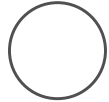

Ground Control Points



Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry



Legend

-  Subject Area
-  Check Points
-  GCP

Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry



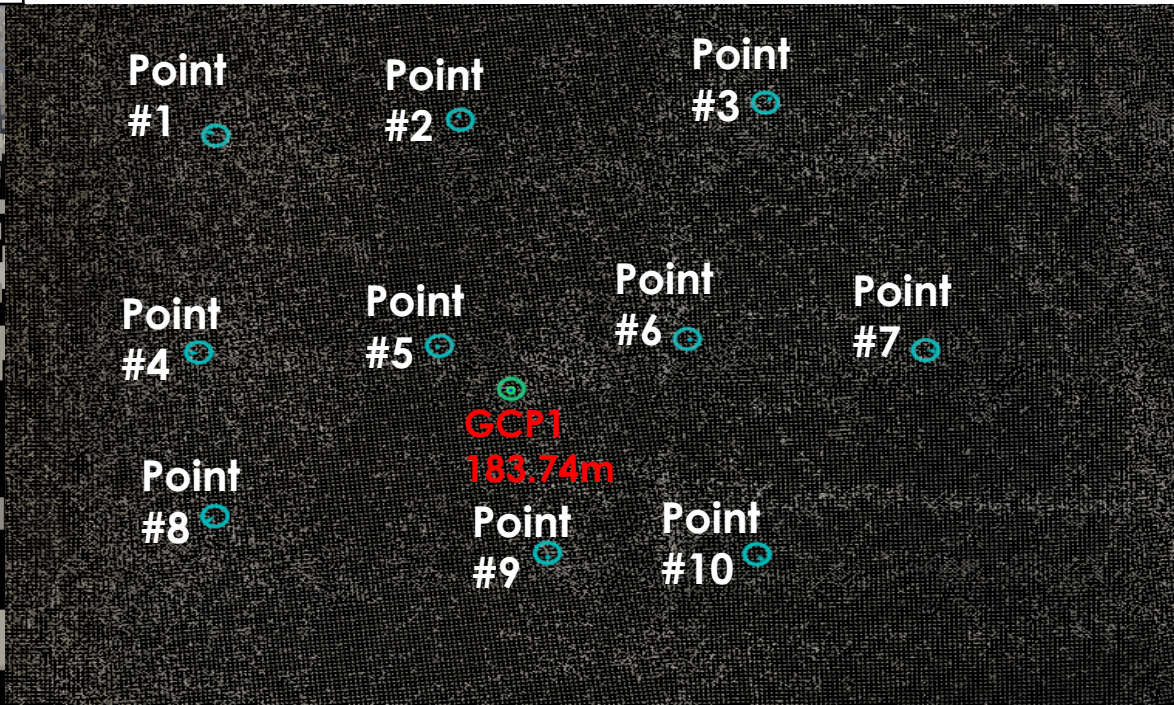
Things to Consider:

- Original Ground was covered with a foot of vegetation (~0.3m across the entire site)
- This will affect the Z elevation coordinate

Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry

	Point Cloud	GPS/Rover	Difference
1	184.015	183.670	0.345
2	184.41	183.810	0.600
3	184.57	183.890	0.680
4	183.45	183.490	-0.040
5	183.99	183.890	0.100
6	184.075	183.800	0.275
7	183.695	183.200	0.495
8	183.22	183.490	-0.270
9	183.565	183.700	-0.135
10	183.455	183.510	-0.055

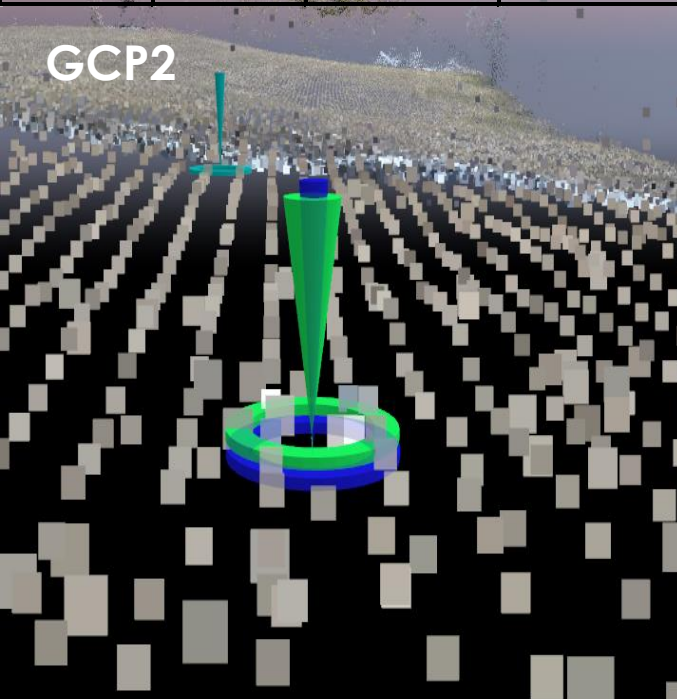
Average Mean Error = 0.1995m



Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry

	Point Cloud	GPS/Rover	Difference
1	182.48	182.45	0.03
2	182.295	182.12	0.175
3	181.735	181.55	0.185
4	181.69	181.4	0.29
5	181.75	181.71	0.04
6	181.885	182.09	-0.205

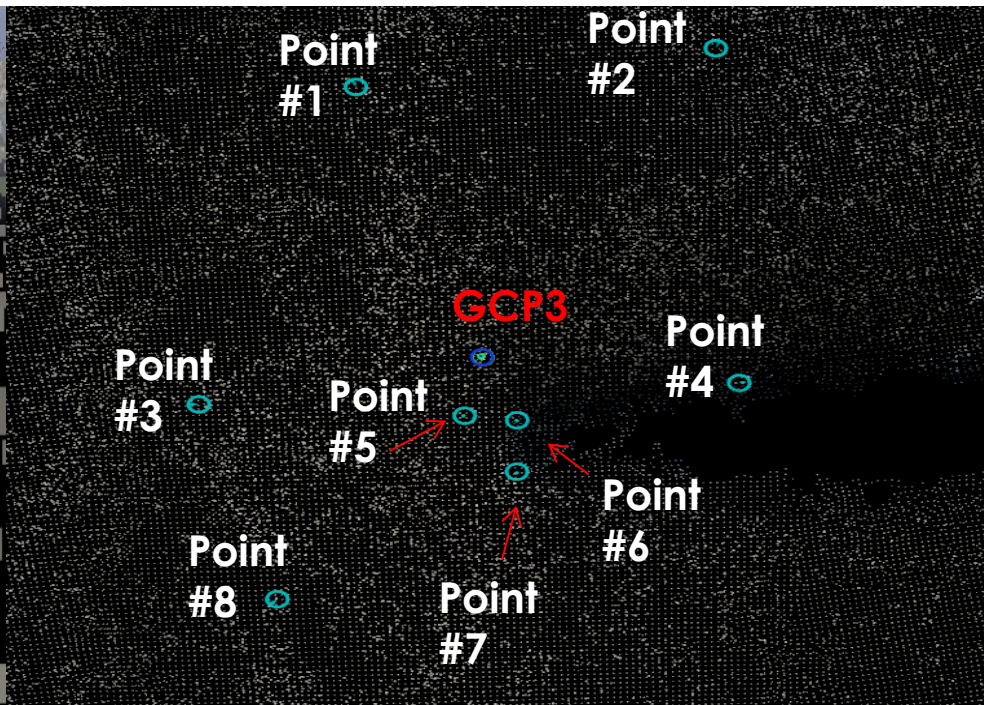
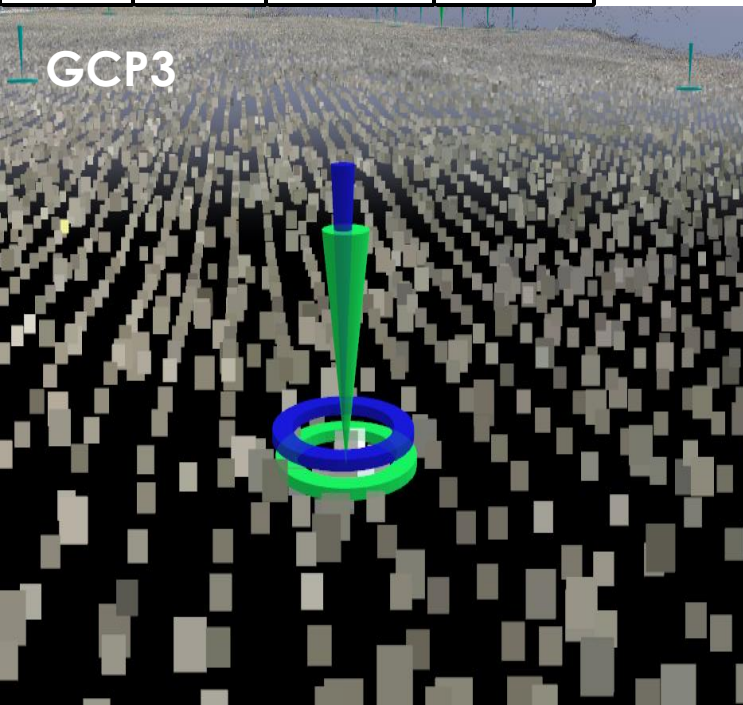
Average Mean Error = 0.085m



Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry

	Point Cloud	GPS/Rover	Difference
1	181.02	181.38	-0.36
2	180.79	180.94	-0.15
3	181.055	181.19	-0.135
4	180.48	180.41	0.07
5	181.955	181.01	0.945
6	180.975	180.91	0.065
7	181.02	181.1	-0.08
8	180.965	181.13	-0.165

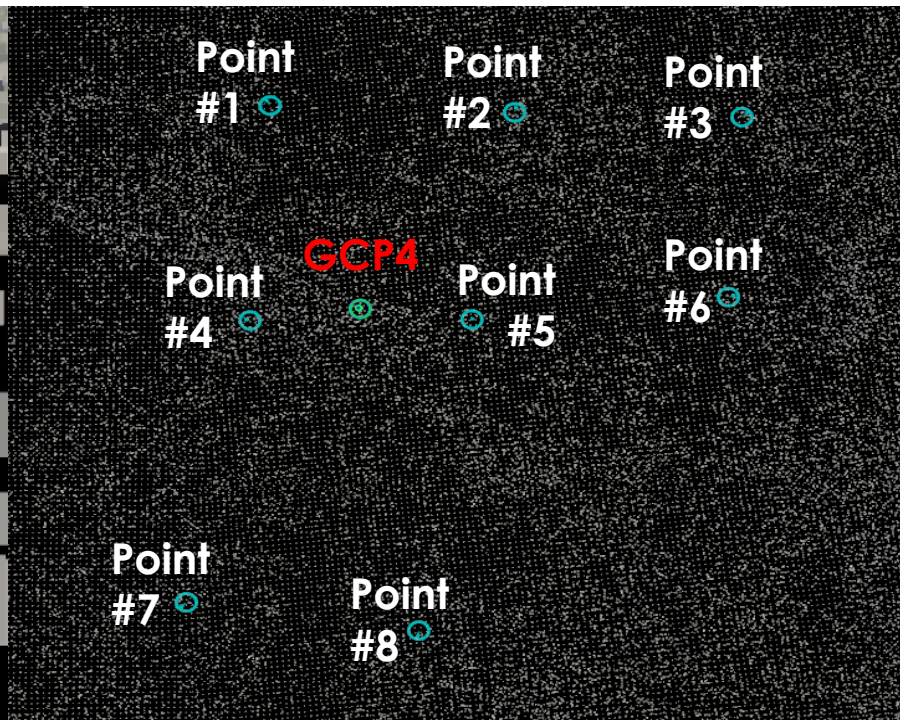
Average Mean Error = 0.023m



Feasibility Study: Drone Applications - GPS and Rover vs Photogrammetry

	Point Cloud	GPS/Rover	Difference
1	180.53	180.44	0.09
2	180.425	180.33	0.095
3	180.54	180.34	0.2
4	180.345	180.22	0.125
5	180.44	180.19	0.25
6	180.565	180.22	0.345
7	180.465	179.95	0.515
8	180.485	179.94	0.545

Average Mean Error = 0.270m












Implementation: Real Time Monitoring

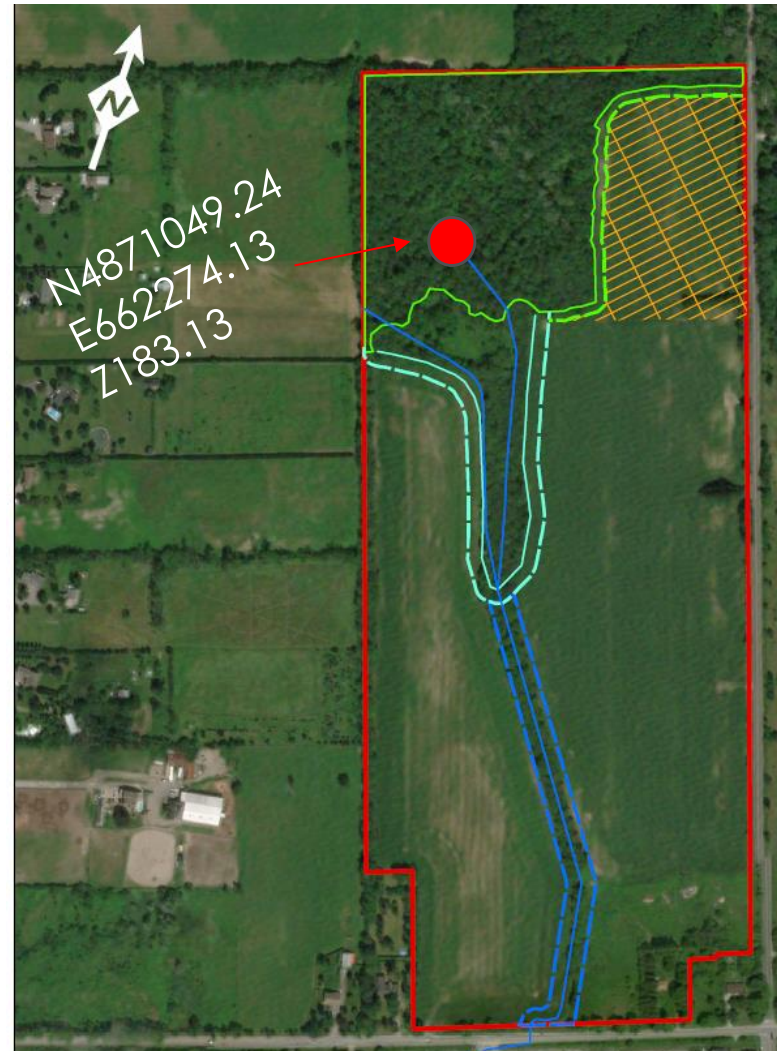
- Single monitoring platform communicates with multiple sensors
- Remote communication
 - Remotely configured
 - Real-time data
- Proactive solution for eliminating unforeseeables
- Informed decision making



Implementation: Real Time Monitoring

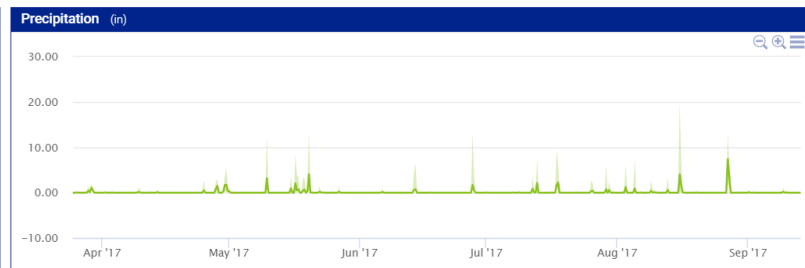
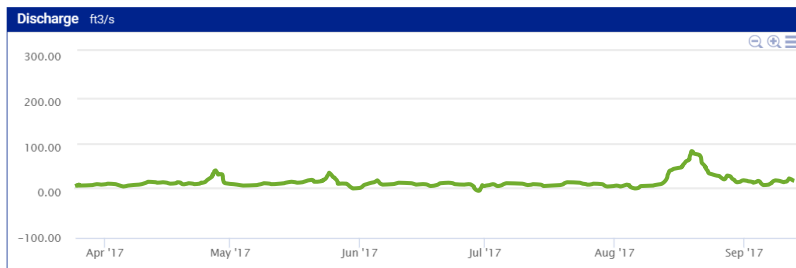
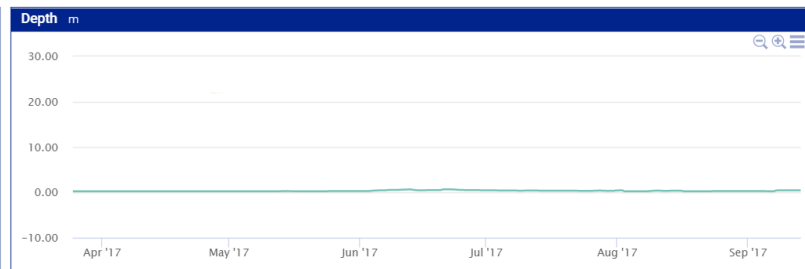
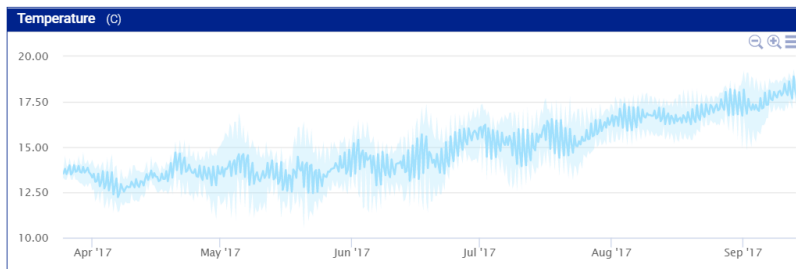
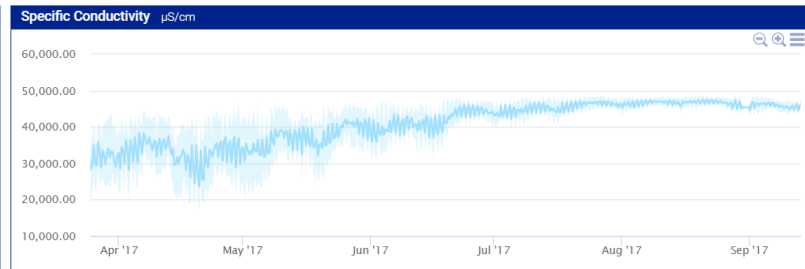
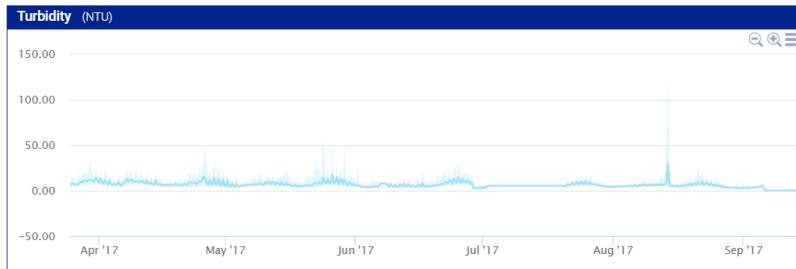
Legend

-  Site Boundary
-  Wetland (September 22, 2017)
-  Wetland Setback (15m)
-  Watercourse (approximate)
-  Watercourse Setback (15m)
-  Woodland (approximate)
-  Woodland Setback (10m)
-  Greenbelt Lands
-  Monitoring Station (Upstream)



Implementation: Real Time Monitoring

☒ Turbidity ☒ Temperature ☒ Specific Conductivity ☒ Discharge ☒ Depth ☐ Baro ☒ Precipitation [Show All](#)



Implementation: Drone Monitoring



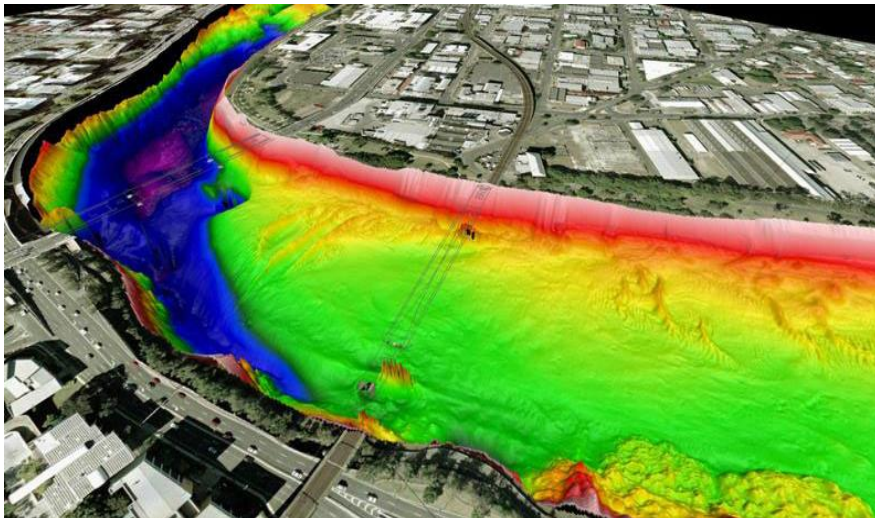
Implementation: Drone Monitoring



Benefits of New Technology: Bathymetric

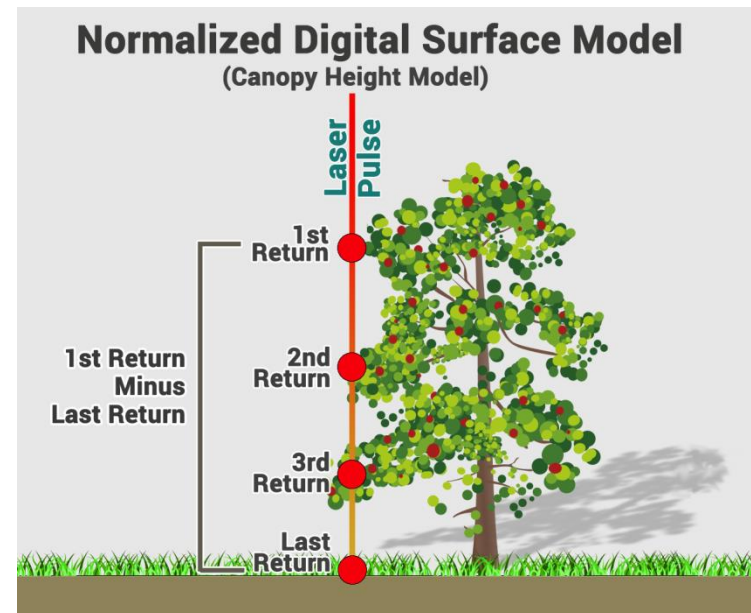
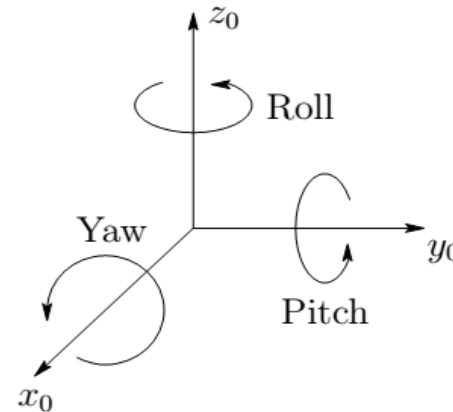


- GPS technology combined with single beam sonar
- Captures the soft bottom of the pond



Benefits of New Technology: LiDAR

- **LiDAR** – Light Detection and Ranging
- Uses near infrared laser in the form of pulses and returns
 - Reflects strongly against vegetation
- IMU Sensor (inertial measurement unit)
 - Tracks the yaw, pitch and roll to ensure data
 - Important for accuracy and positioning





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