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2023 Conference Canada's Premier Stormwater and Erosion and Sediment Control Conference



NEXT STORM



Green Rainwater Infrastructure: Long-term Management of the Full Urban Water Cycle March 22, 2023

Sophie Warren, P.Eng., Green Infrastructure Implementation

Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog







The City of Vancouver is on the unceded traditional territory of the Musqueam, Squamish and Tsleil-Waututh First Nations.

These lands are the foundation of thousands of years of living culture of the Musqueam, Squamish and Tsleil-Waututh peoples and have been stewarded by these nations since time immemorial.









We are meeting on the traditional territory of the Anishinabek, Huron-Wendat, Haudenosaunee and Ojibway/Chippewa peoples; the land that is home to the Metis; and most recently, the territory of the Mississaugas of the Credit First Nation who are direct descendants of the Mississaugas of the Credit.

Brampton resides within Treaty 19 (1818).

Overview

 City of Vancouver Rain City Strategy (RCS)
Green Rainwater Infrastructure (GRI) Case Studies

3. GRI Maintenance and Rehabilitation

Project: VanDussen Botanical Garden Visitor Centre, Vancouver Photo Credit: Connect Landscape Architecture

City of Vancouver Rain City Strategy

Image: Overview of Vancouver Photo Credit: www.fiercebiotech.com 01/25/2017

Our local waters and even the rain shape who we are

Image: West Hastings Street, Vancouver Photo Credit: Dan Toulgoet



The city once was a temperate rainforest

Image: Capilano River Regional Park, North Vancouver Photo Credit: Robert Pennings



Over time the natural watersheds have changed...

Image: View of Yaletown from Charleson Park in 1893, Vancouver Photo Credit: www.onthisspot.ca, 10/25/2015



to allow residents and businesses to prosper and grow

Image: View of Yaletown from Charleson Park in 2013, Vancouver Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog



population growth

forest fires

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aging infrastructure

urban heat island

extreme storms and floods densification

SHO

sea level rise

drought spells rethinking water management

COUVER

GREENEST

The Rain City Strategy

transformative directions

action plans

A high level, 30-year plan that aims to manage rainwater through green rainwater infrastructure that

protects restores mimics

Image: Urban rainwater runoff Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog the natural water cycle



reduce volume of rainwater entering the pipe system

reduce pollutants in urban rainwater runoff

Objectives.

Image: Green rainwater infrastructure project at Yukon & W 63rd Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog





Performance target capture and clean a minimum of 90% of Vancouver's average annual rainfall volume

Design standard capture and clean 48 mm of rainfall per day

Image: New Brighton Park, Vancouver Photo Credit: Vancouver Board of Parks and Recreation



Citywide green rainwater infrastructure implementation target

becomes business as usual through renewal, redevelopment, retrofits





40%

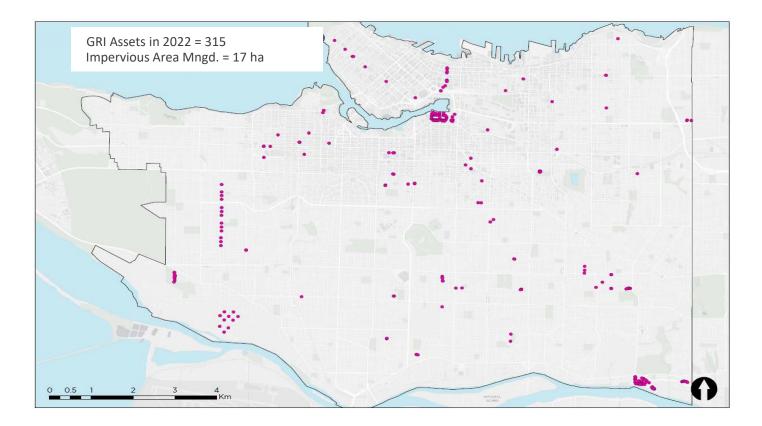


Image: Bioretention at E 1st Ave & Quebec St, Vancouver Photo Credit: Kristen Hudson

Implementation of GRI in Vancouver

Project: 63rd & Yukon Rain Gardens Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog

Vancouver's Public Space GRI



GRI Typologies in Vancouver



169 bioretention (54%)

26 Rainwater tree trenches (8%)

77 sub-surface infiltration (24%)

Richards Street Blue-Green System









Runoff diverted from sewers annually

15 million litres Runoff treated on-site annually



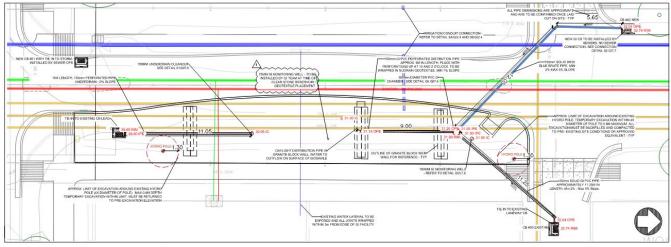




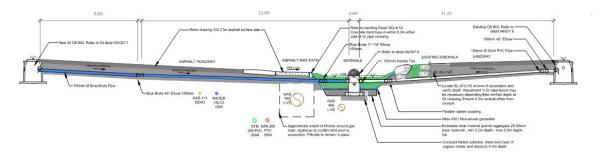
Woodland and 2nd Street Closure Bioswale







Subsurface Plan Scale: 1:75









we are striving for ecological strategies that will ensure our systems provide cross the board benefits and will survive beyond 25 years

GRI Maintenance and Rehabilitation

Image: Tupper Greenway at Sir Charles Tupper School Photo Credit: Sheri DeBoer

Normal GRI Project Lifecycle



Bioretention Condition Assessments

Design lacking in stormwater function



Short-circuiting to catch basin







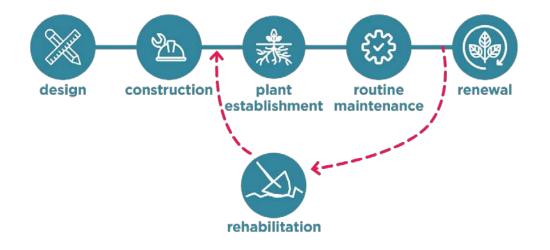


- Many of the City's existing bioretention bulges were designed and installed prior to the formation of the GI Branch (2016) and without consistent maintenance.
- GI's Vegetated Assets assessed for level of service in 2019; 48% are found to be under performing or Ineffective
- Many lack infiltration function, have water by-pass and contain invasive weeds that must be managed.
- The underperforming assets require rehabilitation to bring them back provide adequate drainage and infiltration.

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Inlet clogging, requires re-design of pretreatment

Normal GRI Project Lifecycle



Rehab Site prioritization





Manitoba & W 16th Ave Simon Fraser Elementary School





Ontario & W 42nd Ave Sir William Van Horne School





Arbutus St & W 8th Ave







Thank you

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Image: Hinge Park, Vancouver Photo Credit: Wendy de Hoog



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