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## Sustainability in Green Infrastructure Maintenance

Source to Stream Conference 26 March 2024







# **Background & Context**

**Green Streets Operations and Maintenance** 



#### **O&M Green Streets**

Established in 2021, O&M Green Streets is a sub-unit within Transportation Services tasked to:

- Develop & deliver a City of Toronto Green Infrastructure (GI) O&M program as per industry best practices.
- Deliver services to other right-of-way horticulture (RH) planters (as required by TMC Chapter 743).

Maintenance partners include Parks, Forestry & Rec, Toronto Water, Solid Waste Management, BIAs, various resident and community groups.





• The three **Green infrastructure** types found in the public right-of-way

• **Maintenance** refers to all activities performed between construction completion and decommission. Differentiated as preventative and corrective maintenance.



#### Why maintain GI?

For MOST GI assets, maintenance WILL be the largest lifecycle cost.

- Functionality Preserve and/or increase asset performance over time.
- Financial Efficiency Routine maintenance is SIGNIFICANTLY cheaper, less disruptive, and less wasteful than major rehabilitation.
- Public Perception Defects are often highly visible (e.g. poor vegetation health, surface ponding, sediment accumulation, etc) and may impact acceptance towards future GI projects.



#### **Condition and Maintenance over Time**

#### Figure 4: Small but Timely Renewal Investments Save Money



Strategic maintenance can save significant resources over asset lifetime.

Source: Ontario's Long-Term Infrastructure Plan 2017



#### **Highly Visible Deficiencies**













#### **Sites in the City**

- 2024: Twenty-Six (26) GI Sites; 70-80 assets
  - 7sq m. BR planter to largest a 5,400 sq m. bioswale.
- Breakdown by Asset type

Bioretention

- : 17 sites, 28 assets, ~9,000 sq m (36%)
- Permeable Pavements
- Stormwater Tree Trenches
- : 5 sites, 5 assets , ~2,000 sq m (8%)
- : 7 sites, 30 assets, ~14,000 sq m (56%)
- **RAPIDLY GROWING:** expected to increase 3-4x by 2027.
  - Upcoming GI All transit expansion projects, Portlands cluster, Waterfront East LRT, Downsview, various Green Streets capital projects, various cycling & pedestrian safety projects.









#### **Green Streets O&M Services**

Service Category	Service Delivery	Delivery Agent
Pavement & ROW function	(Existing) Road & Sidewalk repair program. (Existing) Street sweeping program (Existing) Winter maintenance program Curb-cut inlet repairs	In-house crews, Various contracted services
Vegetation & Softscape	Scheduled horticulture maintenance Plant replacement Grass Cutting Litter and debris clearing	Adj. Private Property Owner/Groups Workforce development crew (GI) Contract (ROW Landscaping) Contract (Grass Cutting)
Drainage, retention, infiltration.	Annual Infiltration Testing (P.Pavements) Scheduled inlet inspection & maintenance Grade & drainage area inspection & repairs. CCTV Inspection & Flushing ( <i>developing</i> )	Workforce development crew (GI) In-house crews (TS/TW) TBC





#### **Corrective maintenance**









## **Developing GI maintenance Best Practices**

Strategy & Approaches



#### Sustainability as a goal



- Environmental: Materials used, carbon footprint, ecological benefits.
- Financial: Dollar efficiency, accurate longterm costing, reliable funding source.
- **People**: H&S, skill development, diversity, culture.



#### **Getting there**

Data-driven best practices

- External resources (STEP, GI exchange, other municipalities)
- Internal evaluations currently focusing on lifecycle questions like:
  - What is the baseline asset condition graph (performance over time)?
  - How does different service type & frequency impacts performance over time?
  - Where/when is the best time to implement service?
- Always asking is there a better way?

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#### Workforce Development Program: GreenforceTO

- Launched in 2021, entering 4<sup>th</sup> year in 2024.
- Partnered with two social enterprises:



Eco-landscaping specialist

∦ծսildingUp

Construction pre-apprentice program focusing on groups with barriers to employment

- Provides training & experience in:
  - Landscaping & Horticulture maintenance.
  - GI-specific maintenance (inlet clearing, infiltration testing, CCTV inspection).
  - Plant identification & pollinator habitat creation
  - Health & Safety (WHMIS, First Aid, MTO Book 7)



#### GreenforceTO



ROW horticulture planter at Woodbine Ave and O'Connor Drive



















Trench drain maintenance at Six Points planters



#### **Transplanting plants to reduce waste**





Dundas/Bathurst planters to be temporarily removed due to construction.



Plants were moved to Woodbine/O'Connor site to preserve plants & reduce waste, majority survived despite mid-summer conditions.

#### **Boulevard Sod Alternative Pilot**



 Multi-year pilot to evaluate use of various wildflower/sod mixes to create a low-maintenance, pollinator-friendly boulevard treatment (as an alternative to sod).





#### **Trench Drain Maintenance Pilot & Evaluation**





(left): Bathurst/Davenport Trench Drains (top,right): Ryerson Ave Trench Drains





#### **Regular GI Inspections (2-3weeks)**

Section 2 of 4				
Green Infrastructure Specific Inspection	×	:		
Description (optional)				
Rain in the last 24h? *				
O No				
Yes - Small event / less than 5mm in last 24h.				
Yes - Large event / more than 5mm in last 24h.				
INSPECTION A: Planting/Infiltration Bed				
Refers to the planting area of bioretention/SWM planters OR the infiltration portion of permeable pavements.				
(Note: Inspection should be done pre-cleanup. Any outstanding issues post-visit should be reported)				
1. Erosion/Sedimentation - look for irregular exposure or accumulation of soil/mulch.				
2. Ponding - Any standing water. (Mild issue if within 12h of major rain event)				

# INSPECTION B: Other GI Components (Note: Inspection should be done pre-cleanup. Any outstanding issues post-visit should be reported) 1. Drainage Area - Scan the surrounding area draining into the area; note in comments significant source of debris (e.g. construction/parades/trees in fall) if any. 2. Boundary - Visually check boundaries (typically curb or road/sidewalk edge) of GI for damages or significant settling. Report immediately if site poses a potential trip/fall hazard. 3. Inlet(s) - Visual check that water is entering GI unobstructed. 4. Pretreatment - Includes river stones / rip rap / concrete bays. Check for debris buildup and ensure water is able to flow through the pretreatment into the GI system.

5. Outlet - Inspect outlet (curb cuts, overflows, access points) for damages and/or debris buildup.



- 3. Grading Check for grading issues that may cause water to backflow out from the inlet or flow too quickly to the outlet. This typically pairs with sedimentation & erosion.
- 4. Litter Accumulation of trash/debris/litter.
- 5. Burrowing Suspected animal burrows in planting beds.

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#### **Maintenance Cost**

Comparing 2023 cost per square metre (12 visit/yr) for contracted service.

- Grass Cutting : 0.25u
- ROW Horticulture : 1u
- Green Infrastructure\* : 4u
  - \*Cost includes inspections, workforce development, and a significantly broader scope of work (e.g. infiltration testing, inlet cleaning, routine inspection).

Reducing unit cost is paramount if GI are to be implemented <u>at scale</u>.





## Challenges & Lessons Learned



#### **Reoccurring Challenges**

- 1. Poorly constructed/designed GI leads to hard-to-maintain/problem prone GI.
- 2. Maintenance partners falling through due to turnover.
- 3. Insufficient maintenance performed during establishment/warranty period leading to early plant mortality.
- 4. Out of control factors (e.g. construction, pests) causing accelerated degradation.
- 5. Logistics and cost of custom components (e.g. pavers, grates)
- 6. Plant theft in spring.



#### **Lessons Learned**

- 1. Good Recordkeeping: Keeping track & organizing inspection reports, maintenance agreements & other documents to ensure consistency over time.
- 2. Establishment period (~2y) matters: Ensure maintenance is covered during warranty period. Explore financial instruments to enforce maintenance contractor is supposed to maintain GI during warranty period. Include option for irrigation.
- **3. Documentation & Communication**: Documenting challenges & making it a priority to communicate it to implementors.
- 4. Maintenance. Friendly. Design. !!!!





## **Maintenance Friendly Gl**

(and a few not-so-friendly ones)









#### **Plants and Vegetation!**

- Horticulture or Sod?
  - Maintenance resource, road use, litter load, other functionality (structure, visual barrier, place-making, drainage conveyance)
- Maintenance-friendly horticulture tips:
  - Drought-tolerant hardy perennials are the best performers.
  - Salt-tolerance important where applicable.
  - Manicured edge provides impression of a managed planter.
  - Height-appropriate shrubs/grasses (visual structure & sightlines).
  - Pollinator-friendly and/or native preferred.



#### **Drought-tolerant, hardy perennials**





#### **Pollinator-friendly species**







# Be mindful of succession: sunny to shade under trees





#### Inlets

- Curb cut inlets
  - Width & number of inlet matters
  - Sediment pad recommended but evaluate base on sediment load and I/P ratio.
  - Minimize use of river rocks
- Trench drains and other grated inlets
  - Width, bolts, grate slits matters.
  - Minimize grated inlets use, ESPECIALLY trench drains <300mm wide.



#### Inlets & Pre-treatment – (1)



Murray Ross Parkway Bioretention (left) and Green Gutter (right)



#### Inlets & Pre-treatment – (2)











#### **Maintenance Enemy #1: Trench Drains**



Trench drains cleaning are time and labour intensive and expose workers to awkward positions pre-cursors of Musculoskeletal Disorders (MSD).





#### **Bolts & fasteners of trench grates & cover.**











#### **Cleanout/Flushout caps**



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#### **Access point & CCTV manoeuvrability**



**TORONTO** 







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#### **Streetscape level considerations**

- Seasonal changes in streetscape (winter, rain, fall, cafeTO).
- Sediment load (litter, dust, leaves).
- Existing road use patterns
  - Motor vehicle: Heavy vehicles, parking, turning radii, sightlines.
  - Pedestrians: trampling, trip/fall hazards.
  - Others: pets, pests, wildlife



### **CONSIDER: Winter Conditions** (Salt, Snow, Visibility)



Carr Ave & Ryerson Ave Bioretention Bumpout **NO Visibility during winter.** 



Morningside & Steeles Bioretention Shrubs provides visibility during winter.



#### **Motor Vehicle Patterns**









## Signs help! (maybe)







#### **Other unexpected GI enjoyers**









### **Closing Remarks**

GI maintenance is important.

□ O&M program sustainability (environment, finance, people) important for at-scale implementation of GI.

□ Maintenance friendly design helps.

□ Industry is still young – much to learn and much to do.

□ Good communication and collaboration has been immensely helpful for us – so let's keep it up as an industry.



# Thank you!

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